

THE ARIZONA SECURE ELECTIONS ACT

January 26, 2026

SECURE ELECTIONS ARE CRITICALLY NECESSARY FOR A FUNCTIONING ARIZONA

The Arizona Secure Elections Act (SCR 1001/HCR 2001) proposes a state constitutional amendment that, if approved by Arizona voters, would strengthen election eligibility, ballot security, and timely results by establishing the following:

- **Citizenship and one ballot, one time.** Only U.S. citizens may register and vote in Arizona, and each voter may cast only one vote per office and ballot measure.
 - ❖ **How would this affect Arizona?** According to estimates by [PEW Research](#), as of 2023, Arizona had 300,000 illegal aliens living in the state, roughly 4% of the state population. This number grows when taking into account legal non-citizens, like permanent residents, who also cannot legally vote. Arizona elections are often decided by narrow margins, so even small failures in eligibility enforcement or ballot handling can undermine confidence.
- **No foreign money in Arizona elections.** Prohibits foreign individuals and foreign corporations from funding Arizona candidates or ballot-measure campaigns.
 - ❖ **How would this affect Arizona?** It shuts the door on foreign influence in Arizona's elections and ballot measures.
- **Government-issued ID to vote, with free acceptable ID available.** Requires voters to present a government-issued ID when casting a ballot and ensures an acceptable ID is available free of charge, as provided by law.
 - ❖ **How would this affect Arizona?** Most Arizonans already have a compliant ID, so this ensures that access to ID is not limited by cost.
- **Clear deadlines and enforceable rules for voting:**
 - 1) Early voting (if authorized by law) ends no later than 7:00 p.m. on the Friday before the Tuesday general election.
 - 2) Votes may not be cast or accepted after poll closing times on general Election Day, as designated by law.
 - 3) Guarantees the right to vote for anyone legally allowed to do so within the state.
 - 4) Mail-in ballots (if authorized) are offered only to qualified electors who have provided documented proof of citizenship, and only upon an affirmative request confirming a specific mailing address prior to each biennial general election.

- ❖ **How would this affect Arizona?** With simple deadlines and uniform rules, Arizonans can have faith that elections are orderly, enforceable, and decided by lawful votes cast on time.

